

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2007 – 2008)

Final Event 1 (Individual)

香港数学竞赛 (2007 – 2008)

决赛项目 1 (个人)

除非特别声明，答案须用数字表达，并化至最简。

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest forms.

1. 设直线 $A = 15 \times \tan 44^\circ \times \tan 45^\circ \times \tan 46^\circ$ ，求 A 的值。

Let $A = 15 \times \tan 44^\circ \times \tan 45^\circ \times \tan 46^\circ$, find the value of A .

2. 设 n 为正整数及 $\overbrace{20082008 \cdots 2008}^{n \text{ 个 } 2008}15$ 能被 A 整除。若 n 的最小可能值是 B ，求 B 的值。

Let n be positive integer and $\overbrace{20082008 \cdots 2008}^{n \text{ 2008's}}15$ is divisible by A . If the least possible value of n is B , find the value of B .

3. 已知有 C 个整数满足方程 $|x-2|+|x+1|=B$ ，求 C 的值。

Given that there are C integers that satisfy the equation $|x-2|+|x+1|=B$, find the value of C .

4. 在坐标平面上，点 $(-C, 0)$ 与直线 $y=x$ 的距离是 \sqrt{D} ，求 D 的值。

In the coordinate plane, the distance from the point $(-C, 0)$ to the straight line $y=x$ is \sqrt{D} , find the value of D .

Final Event 2 (Individual)
香港数学竞赛 (2007 – 2008)
决赛项目 2 (个人)

除非特别声明，答案须用数字表达，并化至最简。

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest forms.

1. 设 $\sqrt{a} = \sqrt{7 + \sqrt{13}} - \sqrt{7 - \sqrt{13}}$ ，求 P 的值。

Given that $P = \left[\sqrt[3]{6} \times \left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{162}} \right) \right]^{-1}$, find the value of P .

2. 设 a 、 b 和 c 是实数且 $b : (a + c) = 1 : 2$ 及 $a : (b + c) = 1 : P$ 。若 $Q = \frac{a+b+c}{a}$ ，求 Q 的值。

Let a , b and c be real numbers with ratios $b : (a + c) = 1 : 2$ and $a : (b + c) = 1 : P$. If

$Q = \frac{a+b+c}{a}$, find the value of Q .

3. 设 $R = \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}} \right)^Q + \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}} \right)^Q$ ，求 R 的值。

Let $R = \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}} \right)^Q + \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}} \right)^Q$, find the value of R .

4. 设 $S = (x - R)^2 + (x + 5)^2$ ，其中 x 为实数，求 s 的最小值。

Let $S = (x - R)^2 + (x + 5)^2$, where x is a real number. Find the minimum value of S .

Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2007 – 2008)

Final Event 3 (Individual)

香港数学竞赛 (2007 – 2008)

决赛项目 3 (个人)

除非特别声明，答案须用数字表达，并化至最简。

Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest forms.

1. 已知 $\frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{2}$ 满足方程 $x^2 + px + q = 0$ ，其中 p 和 q 是有理数。若 $A = |p| + 2|q|$ ，求 A 的值。

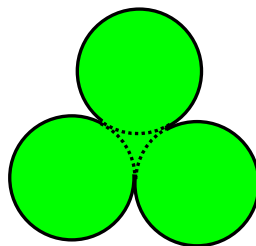
Given that $\frac{1-\sqrt{3}}{2}$ satisfies the equation $x^2 + px + q = 0$, where p and q are rational numbers. If $A = |p| + 2|q|$, find the value of A .

2. U_1 及 U_2 两袋有大小相同的红球和白球。 U_1 装有 A 个红球，2 个白球。 U_2 装有 2 个红球， B 个白球。从每袋中各取出两个球。若取到四个红球的概率是 $\frac{1}{60}$ ，求 B 的值。

Two bags U_1 and U_2 contain identical red and white balls. U_1 contains A red balls and 2 white balls. U_2 contains 2 red balls and B white balls. Take two balls out of each bag. If the probability of all four balls are red is $\frac{1}{60}$, find the value of B .

3. 图一由三个大小相同且互切的圆所组成，三个圆的半径均是 B cm。若阴影部分的周界是 C cm，求 C 的值。(取 $\pi = 3$)

Figure 1 is formed by three identical circles touching one another, the radius of each circle is B cm. If the perimeter of the shaded region is C cm, find the value of C . (Take $\pi = 3$)

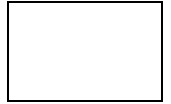


图一

Figure 1

4. 设与 \sqrt{C} 最接近的整数是 D ，求 D 的值。

Let D be the integer closet to \sqrt{C} , find the value of D .



Hong Kong Mathematics Olympiad (2007 – 2008)

Final Event 4 (Individual)

香港数学竞赛 (2007 – 2008)

决赛项目 4 (个人)

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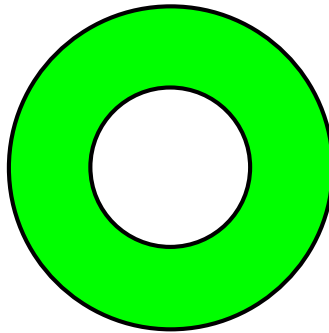
Unless otherwise stated, all answers should be expressed in numerals in their simplest forms.

1. 已知 x 及 y 为实数，且满足 $|x| + x + y = 10$ 及 $|y| + x - y = 10$ 。若 $P = x + y$ ，求 P 的值。

Given that x and y are real numbers such that $|x| + x + y = 10$ and $|y| + x - y = 10$. If $P = x + y$, find the value of P .

2. 如图一，阴影部分由两同心圆所组成，其面积为 $96\pi \text{ cm}^2$ 。若该两圆的半径相差 $2P \text{ cm}$ 及大圆的面积为 $Q \text{ cm}^2$ ，求 Q 的值。

In Figure 1, the shaded area is formed by two concentric circles and has area $96\pi \text{ cm}^2$. If the two radii differ by $2P \text{ cm}$ and the large circle has area $Q \text{ cm}^2$, find the value of Q . (Take $\pi = 3$)



图一

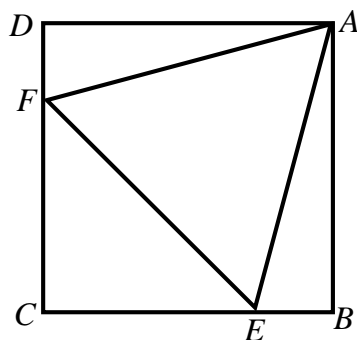
Figure 1

3. 设 R 为最大的整数使得 $R^Q < 5^{200}$ ，求 R 的值。

Let R be the largest integer such that $R^Q < 5^{200}$, find the value of R .

4. 图二显示一边长为 $(R - 1)$ cm 的正方形 $ABCD$ 及一等边三角形 AEF (E 及 F 分别是直线 BC 及 CD 上的点)。若 $\triangle AEF$ 的面积是 $(S - 3)$ cm², 求 S 的值。

In Figure 2, there are a square $ABCD$ with side length $(R - 1)$ cm and an equilateral triangle AEF (E and F are points on BC and CD respectively). If the area of $\triangle AEF$ is $(S - 3)$ cm², find the value of S .



图二
Figure 2